



- 1A** Legal and institutional framework in place at national level for securing tenure rights, for different types of tenure and by sex
- 1B** Women and men with legally recognized documentation or secure rights to land, disaggregated by type of tenure
- 1C** Women and men who perceive their rights to land protected against dispossession or eviction, disaggregated by type of tenure



- 2A** Legal and institutional framework in place at national level to support family farmers
- 2B** National budget and support programs dedicated to family farming
- 2C.1** Equitable land distribution, by size
- 2C.2** Productivity Gap



- 3A** Legal and institutional framework in place at national level recognizes a continuum of individual and communal land rights, including secondary rights of tenants, sharecroppers, and pastoralists
- 3B** Implementation of diverse tenure rights and regimes, including secondary rights of tenants, sharecroppers, and pastoralists
- 3C** Those living on community land perceive their rights to land protected against dispossession or eviction, disaggregated by sex



- 4A** Legal and institutional framework regarding land, in place at national level, is gender-responsive
- 4B** Share of women among owners or rights-bearers of agricultural land, by type of tenure
- 4C** Women who perceive their rights to land protected against dispossession or eviction, disaggregated by type of tenure



- 5A** Legal and institutional framework in place at national level recognizes indigenous peoples' right to land, territories, and resources
- 5B** Implementation of tenure rights on indigenous lands
- 5C.1** Those living on indigenous land who perceive their rights to land protected against dispossession or eviction, disaggregated by sex
- 5C.2** Percent of land held or used by indigenous peoples that is recognized



6A Legal and institutional framework in place at national level promotes the local and sustainable management of ecosystems

6B Rural districts where land use change and land development are governed by sustainable use plans that take account of the rights and interest of the local land users and owners

6C Local control of land and ecosystems



7A Legal and institutional framework in place at national level promotes the equitable representation of women and men in decision making

7B Rural land use management and changes based on public and community input

7C Target groups including women, youth, and holders of customary rights that have access to and are supported to engage in multi-stakeholder platforms



8A Legal and institutional framework in place at national level calls for timely, reliable and accessible data on land and land-related issues

8B National information on public land deals are made publicly available

8C Corruption in the land sector



9A Legal and institutional framework in place at national level to prevent land grabbing in private and public investments and includes the existence of procedural safeguards

9B.1 Cases where attempted land rights violations were challenged

9B.2 Free Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC) and other safeguards are implemented in large-scale land transactions

9C Land grabbing cases where corrective action was taken against violators



10A Legal and institutional framework in place at national level to protect land and environment defenders

10B Protective measures ensure the safety of land and environment defenders

10C Land and environment defenders threatened, harassed, arrested, jailed, killed, or missing, disaggregated by sex

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